

# THE BIG SATURDAY NEWS

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. III. NO. 30.

LOUISA. LAWRENCE CO., KY., MARCH 22, 1888.

M. F. CONLEY Publisher.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

THE Pope is a careful reader of the daily papers.

PERFUMERY is now made from green cucumbers.

A MAN in Atlantic City makes good wine from tomatoes.

THERE are 17 known species of creatures that are blind.

EMPEROR FREDERICK was born in 1810. His wife is 57 years old.

This old "Slave Mart" building in Nashville is being torn down.

The estate of the late Samuel J. Tilden now amounts to \$5,000,000.

LOUISA M. Alcott directs in her will that all her manuscripts be burned.

SIMON CARPENTER celebrated his eighty-ninth birthday a few days ago.

FRANCE has \$12,000,000 in the Panama canal before she got discouraged.

MAINE has fourteen cities, and Waterbury will soon be added to the list.

A New York company has refused to insure the life of President Cleveland.

The disciples of the faith cure in Jersey City have built themselves a church.

LOWE, like as near as may be at the geographical center of the United States.

ONCE more Manitoba expresses a desire to secede from the Dominion of Canada.

BISHOP SPALDING thinks that celibacy threatens this country more than polygamy.

The first State election of the Presidential year will be that in Rhode Island April 4.

DURING the last sixteen years 25,000 sailors on British ships are said to have been lost at sea.

HAIR stones as large as billiard balls are reported to have fallen at Red Lick, Miss., the other day.

The average Texan laborer supports his family on ten cents per diem, invested in cows and beans.

ANOTHER large raft is being built in Nova Scotia greater in bulk than that which was recently lost at sea.

MRS. GARNETT ANDERSON, the leading woman physician of England, makes an income of \$50,000 a year.

ARTHUR SCHLEMAN, of Sanford, Fla., killed a rattlesnake the other day and found in it a large rabbit.

It is said that there are more crimes committed in New York State alone than in the entire Empire of China.

CIVILIZATION seems to be making strides in Mexico. The papers are clamoring for legislation against bull-fighting.

WAS KING ALFONSO XIII. suffering from epilepsy, an hereditary disease in his mother's family, the Hapsburgs.

THE entire police force of Kansas City church members. Two are elders, and many number of them are deacons.

A MAN in Maryland lately eclipsed the one who stole and carried away a hot stove. He actually stole a saw-mill.

THE Danish Government has forbidden the importation of American bacon, steam lard or other undressed pork products.

MARION HARLAND says the coming woman will have her own bank account. This will be good news for the coming man.

CARDINAL GIBBONS is so constantly traveling that some prominent Catholics talk of making him a present of a traveling car.

DEFINITIONS handed in at a Boston high school: Tarnish—a kind of oil. Bandit—a lawyer. Barrister—a man who sings in the choir.

BUENOS AIRES, in the Argentine Republic, is now the largest city in South America, the census of 1887 giving it a population of 431,001.

PRINCE FREDERICK WILLIAM, heir to the throne of Germany, is in the 30th year of his age. His wife, Princess Augusta, is one year younger.

A VIGOROUS young lady in Georgia is in the blacksmithing business, and is able to shoe a horse with the skill and dispatch of a masculine workman.

THE sea serpent that appears periodically off the Maine coast is apparently no spring chicken. He was seen there in 1877 and by a minister, too.

Mrs. BROOKS-BARNES, a popular crusader against the Mormon emissaries who are seeking their prey there.

A GOLDEN child, amid pearl and diamond leaves, holding a circle of brilliant above his wicked little head, is a very new and costly hair ornament.

THE average time of three thousand New York business men at their downtown luncheon is eight minutes. This is a matter of record in a leading restaurant.

At eighty years old Hon. Hugh McCulloch retains his brown hair and whiskers, only slightly touched with gray, and does not use eye-glasses more than half the time.

A CHECK for \$2,000,000 drawn on a National bank at Sheffield, Ala., recently passed between two merchants of that place. It was probably the largest check ever drawn in the State.

NEWSPAPER advertising comes high in Paris. The *Paris Journal* of that city charges two dollars a line for the ordinary kind, and twenty dollars a line for "reading matter" advertisements.

ALABAMA is seriously aroused to the importance of securing immigration from the North and West. Especially is this true as to the land owners of the great central and agricultural region.

WHEN a Paris shop-keeper advertises "goods cheap" a Government official inspects his prices and sees that he is carrying out what he advertises. Any fraud in this respect is vigorously punished.

The deepest well drilled in the United States is that of George Westinghouse, at Homewood, near the city of Pittsburgh, which, on December 1, 1887, had reached the depth of 4,018 feet, when the tools were lost and the drilling ceased.

Mrs. E. HENDRICKS, of Appleton, Ore., cut down a large pine tree and within the wood found a small cavity which was encircled by forty-five rings of yearly growth. In this cavity was a foreign copper coin bearing the date 1790.

In Milwaukee physicians demand a percentage from the druggists to whom they send their prescriptions, and the druggists pay it and collect just that much more from the customer. The discovery has aroused considerable indignation.

ALBERT PALMER, a convict in the Michigan penitentiary, escaped, and a reward was offered for his capture. He communicated with his wife, who was having a hard struggle with poverty, and induced her to deliver him up and get the reward. She did, and Palmer is happier than he has been for years.

## STORM ECHOES.

### Reports of Unparalleled Suffering and Loss of Life.

Scores of Vessels Lost and Their Crews Drowned—Numerous Persons Frozen in New York and New Jersey—Millions of Dollars of Damage Done to Property in the Eastern States.

New York, March 14.—Yesterday the blizzard was funny to New Yorkers, but today many a smile was checked as the hand went into the pocket to pay the demand made for food and fuel supplies. The seriousness of the situation becomes more apparent hour by hour as the wires are being picked up and sent in tales of suffering and death from outlying points. The incoming tide brings on its surface bits of wreckage that are anxiously scanned by shipping agents whose vessels are missing. The railway situation continues hopeless. The New York Central is hopelessly blocked, and relief parties have gone out in an endeavor by some means to feed and water the unfortunate live stock in the stalled trains. On the New York and New Haven Road five trains are lost and can not be located for want of telegraph facilities. The Erie is doing nothing. Owing to no arrivals of trains a famine threatens this city. There is no milk in the city and condensed milk, which was a good supply on Monday, is hard to be had at any price. Vegetables have quadrupled in price. Eggs jumped from eighteen to thirty cents per dozen. Meager reports show that people living in New Jersey towns who started for New York Monday had dreadful experiences. Many trains were snowed in a few miles from the city, and passengers were compelled to sleep on them or waded through the snow to look for shelter in the villages. A number of persons, it is reported, perished from cold and exhaustion. At Elizabethport a dozen employees of Singer's sewing-machine works started for their homes. Several of them were badly frozen. One man named Ellis was picked out of the snow stiff and breathless. He was carried into the railway station, where he soon died. An afternoon paper estimates the business loss, loss of property and pecuniary outlay which the storm will occasion in New York City at not less than \$7,000,000, and the loss to the State involved at \$20,000,000. Of the twenty-nine steamships that make up the harbor fleet of New York, two are safe in port, having outridden the storm; nine were wrecked Monday, and eighteen which were out in the open sea remain utterly unheard of. The experience of the men on boats wrecked was something terrible. Twenty funerals are coming to Calvary Cemetery are stuck in snow-drifts on Borden avenue. The corpses had to be taken into houses near by over night. Some of the mourners, drivers and horses had to be dug out, nearly frozen to death.

PATRICK, N. J., March 14.—The snow-storm which set in Sunday night was the greatest ever known here. A fearful gale taken into houses near by over night. Some of the mourners, drivers and horses had to be dug out, nearly frozen to death. The drifts in the streets are fifteen and twenty feet high. The inmates of many dwellings were completely shut in. Business and traffic is completely at a standstill. No news from the outside world has been received since Monday.

NEWARK, N. J., March 14.—Three persons in this vicinity are now known to have frozen to death in Monday's blizzard. A milk, meal and coal famine is threatened.

BOSTON, Mass., March 14, via London.—The storm has now raged incessantly for two days all over New England, so far as our scanty communications reach. Every railroad out of the city is blocked completely, and the only telegraphic communication is by the Commercial Cable Company's line to Rockport, Me., and thence by cable to London. Never was there such a complete prostration of business, and the damage to property must amount to an enormous sum. It is fifty years since Boston has been so affected by a storm.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 14.—Snow-drifts in many places on the Delaware and Lehigh Valley railroad over the Pocono Mountains are forty feet in height. Three passenger trains are lying at Washington, N. J. Two more are at Stroudsburg. The passengers are cared for in hotels at the company's expense. Six hundred men are trying to clear the track.

Wheat Outflying in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., March 14.—The crop report of the State Board of Agriculture for March 1, made up from the reports of township commissioners, shows that the wheat crop would indicate only about three-fourths of an average crop for the coming harvest, with the uncertainties of March and April to hear from. Owing to the long-continued drought before and after seeding the great majority of wheat is abnormally short, and without exceedingly favorable weather will not make more than seventy-five per cent. of a full crop, since both acreage and the condition are low.

Drawing a Line on Trust Companies.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.—The Governor has vetoed the bill authorizing the incorporation of trust companies with \$50,000 capital in villages of less than ten thousand inhabitants.

Hanged by a Mob.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., March 14.—John Skinner, a colored murderer, was taken from the jail last night by a mob, and hanged to a tree about a mile from town. The work was performed so quietly and expeditiously that the natives were not aroused from their slumbers.

Protestants Being Burned Out.

MATAMORAS, Mex., March 14.—The *Brasil* says a report is received from Santa Barbara, Oaxaca that the houses of Protestants are being set on fire on every favorable occasion by fanatics, and lay the blame at the door of Rev. Father Frimas.

Burglars Sentenced.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 14.—Bill Dooley, George Jones and Grant Ham, negroes, charged and convicted of having committed burglary, were sentenced to the penitentiary. Dooley gets two years and the others one year each. This is Dooley's third offense.

Two Men Killed.

SCRANTON, Pa., March 14.—Richard Henwood and Peter Stealy, sinkers employed in the new shaft of the Erie Company at Glenwood, were instantly killed today by a large air-blast which tore them.

## FIRE AT MILWAUKEE.

### Considerable Property Destroyed and Firemen Injured.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 15.—Fire, which started at 1:35 this morning, completely destroyed the large five-story brick building on West Water street, occupied by Atkins, Ogden & Co., shoe manufacturers, and the Thomas & Wentworth Manufacturing Company, wholesale dealers and manufacturers of brass goods and engine trimmings. About half an hour after the fire broke out the north wall of the burning structure fell with a great crash, demolishing a one-story addition in the rear of Gabel Brothers' drug goods establishment and burying a number of firemen in the ruins. Following is a list of the victims so far as known at present: Herman Lecher, first pipeman of No. 5, taken out unconscious, died at three o'clock; Richard Langton, engine driver, both legs broken; Thomas Cleary, cab driver, cut very badly about the head by glass. Jack Doll, of truck No. 3, hurt about legs and arms and badly on the head. John Coughlin, chemical No. 2, one leg crushed. Peter Vaughan, of chemical No. 1, crushed arms and legs injured. The entire fire department was called to the scene, and it was by the hardest kind of work that the flames were prevented from destroying the entire square. Cleary, Doll and Langton will probably die. Assistant Chief Kierner, John Hummel and Charles Heider were all more or less bruised. Chief Foley had a narrow escape from death. The aggregate loss will reach \$425,000, and the insurance about \$250,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. It started with an explosion, and was followed by others at intervals, one of which wrecked the north wall of the burning building and buried the firemen.

From the Home of Billiards.

MANDAN, Dak., March 15.—The Mandan Roller Mill Company has shipped a carload of the first grade of flour to sufferers from the blizzard in the East.

CASTON, Dak., March 15.—A fund has been started here for the relief of sufferers in the recent blizzard in New York and New England States. Citizens and money will be taken. Dakota will respond nobly to the relief of the sufferers.

FARGO, Dak., March 15.—The mayor of Fargo has sent the following message to Mayor Hewitt, of New York: "Fargo, the center of the greatest agricultural belt of the world, is shocked at the storm calamity visiting the Atlantic sea coast, and through your tenders aid in money or provisions to the sufferers of your unfortunate city and a safe refuge for the families of those frozen to death. The citizens of the great wheat belt are ever sympathetic to those less fortunate."

The Great Strike Extended.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Thirty-two hundred miles of railway were tied up this afternoon in exactly ten minutes by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen. The entire main line of the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe Company and all its branches were brought to a standstill. A stretch of territory from St. Paul on the north to El Paso on the south—practically the whole breadth of the United States—is now involved in the struggle that started between the Burlington Company and its employees. At 8:30 p. m. today, the general manager of the Santa Fe System received from St. Paul, an official notice from the chairman of the grievance committee of the road, stating that the engineers and firemen would stop work at 4 p. m. When the ten minutes had elapsed, the strike had taken place.

Recovering From the Storm.

NEW YORK, March 15.—There is a rapid recovery from the effects of the great Eastern storm. Communication by wire and rail is being established and business resumed. The reported loss of life is heavy. Of three hundred wires between New York and Philadelphia, only two are in operation, but linemen are at work and, with good weather, which is now promised, repairs will progress more rapidly each day.

Blew His Head Off.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 15.—A horrible accident occurred just east of the city, half an hour before dark, this evening. Miles Irwin had been out hunting and fired off the right barrel of his shot-gun before coming into town. The breach was blown out with such force that it struck Irwin on the head, tearing all the top of his skull away, laying bare the brain. Death was almost instantaneous.

Prince Oscar Wedded.

LONDON, March 15.—Prince Oscar, of Sweden, was married today at Bourne-mouth to Miss Elinor Munck, his mother's maid of honor. The weather was brilliant and the church was crowded with notable people, including Queen Sofia, Prince Oscar's mother, and the Duchess of Albany. Pastor Bestrom solemnized the marriage.

Alaskan-Canadian Boundary.

OTTAWA, March 15.—Sir John McDonald, stated in the House of Commons today that negotiations are in progress between the Governments of the United States, Great Britain and Canada with a view of securing by joint action an early location and delimitation of the boundary between Alaska and Canada.

Rowan County Must Go.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 15.—The Legislative Committee on Rowan County, the home of the Toller-Martin feud reported today in favor of abolishing the county organization, the territory returning to its original jurisdiction of Bath and Fleming Counties. Both these counties have entered protests.

Talking of Church Union.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 15.—The possibility of a union of the Presbyterian and Methodist Churches of the Dominion is being discussed here. The leading clergymen favor the project.

Another Knobber to Hang.

OSAKO, Mo., March 15.—Wiles Matthews, one of the Bald-Knobbers who killed Edens and Green a year ago, was convicted of murder in the first degree to-day. He is the second member of the gang convicted of murder in the first degree.

Terrible Incident.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 15.—On Monday John Henriksen left Milwaukie to walk to Berlin, in the snow-storm. He has not been heard of since. Neighbors yesterday found his wife dead in bed and his children starving.

## THE BELOVED KAISER

### Reverently Laid in the Silent Tomb at Charlottenburg.

While Hundred of Thousands of His Subjects Were Howled in Grief.

BERLIN, March 16.—The funeral of Emperor William took place here to-day. The weather was again extremely cold, and the troops, who were ranged four deep along the route taken by the funeral cortege, wore heavy cloaks. The low temperature had no apparent effect upon the people, and hundreds of thousands of spectators occupied the space behind the soldiers, while every window along Unter den Linden was crowded. All the houses on the thoroughfare were covered with mourning and exhibited flags with black drapery. At the street-crossing massive pillars, draped with black and surmounted by Prussian eagles had been erected. The lamp-posts were covered with wreaths, and at every fifty paces there were large candelabras bearing flaming crescents. The route of the funeral procession presented a most imposing aspect, entirely in keeping with the deep sorrow and reverence of the people. The center of the road was strewn with gravel and fir branches. In Parisian large craps festoons, entwined with laurel, were hung. The Brandenburg gate was draped, and there was a large arch in front of it, upon which were the words, "God bless you." The funeral service took place in the Cathedral in accordance with the programme. Emperor Frederick was not present, the weather being too severe to permit of his exposing himself. The procession to the grave was in every way worthy of the occasion. The military display was magnificent, though somewhat overdone, comprising the elite of the army, more dark overcoats and mantles, owing to the extreme cold. All the surroundings of the funeral were invested with solemnity. At 15 o'clock the remains were received at the mausoleum by the pastor of Charlottenburg and Chaplain Koegel. They read the prayer, "Blessed is the man who resisteth temptation," and the Lord's Prayer. The chaplain then closed the solemn service with the benediction. The members of the imperial family and the other mourners then withdrew. The Generals taking farewell of their dead master by placing their hands, as if in salute, upon his coffin. A salvo of artillery announced that the ceremony was over.

Sad Sight at Delaware Breakwater.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16.—The Delaware breakwater bears witness to the great force of the storm which broke over the Atlantic coast on Monday. The shore for nearly three miles is strewn with wrecks. There were about thirty vessels in all. Some of them are standing upright, and are covered with ice half-way up the hulls. The water is so shallow that only the visible. Vessel timbers, strips of sail, cabin furniture, pine boards and great blocks of ice from the cargoes of all the vessels can be seen at various points along the shore. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Dismissed by Mrs. Case.

NEW YORK, March 16.—Pickney P. Green, counsel for William E. English, says that the report that a large sum of money was paid in the settlement of the suit of Mrs. Lucy A. Case against his client is incorrect. The suit was settled only on the withdrawal of the charges made, and a mutual agreement not to sue. No money was paid, or agreed to be paid, except the small fees to the lawyers, on neither side exceeding \$500.

School Children Strike.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 16.—The high school pupils of this city yesterday because the superintendent refused them a customary holiday. They adjourned to the suburbs and had a jolly time. Parents getting wind of the matter concluded to take a hand in the striking business, and to-day the children were in their regular places at school in much subdued spirits.

Death Sentence Commuted.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 16.—Just before the hour fixed for the hanging of Twilston Steele, colored, in this city, Governor Patterson commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life. He killed a negro woman about a year ago and burned the body. He claimed the killing was accidental, and that the body was burned from fear.

Mayor Hewitt and St. Patrick.

NEW YORK, March 16.—Mayor Hewitt some days ago, received a request for a permit to hoist an Irish flag above the City Hall on St. Patrick's Day. To-day the mayor issued an order that the flags of the United States and the State only on the city of New York, and no other, be displayed on that day.

Proposed French Emigration to Canada.

MONTREAL, CAN., March 16.—An effort is being made by Cardinal Taschereau to induce the rural population of France to settle in Canada, and with the assistance of the Cardinal and Archbishop of Paris, twenty-five colonies will shortly leave for the Northwest. Their reserves have been marked out for them.

The Green Two-Cent Stamp.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The House Committee on Post-offices has authorized an adverse report on the joint resolution to require the Postmaster-General to discontinue the use of the green two-cent stamps and to require the use of the terra-cotta colored two-cent stamp.

Harry Hill Driven to the Wall.

NEW YORK, March 16.—Harry Hill's interest in his once notorious Hudson street place was sold out by the sheriff to-day. The police raided him so continuously that he was compelled to go out of business.

Ten Thousand Dollars for Ireland.

DETROIT, Mich., March 16.—The Rev. Chas. O'Reilly, D. D., National Treasurer of the Irish League of America, has received notice of the transmission of \$10,000 to the fund, from Rev. Thos. J. Conaty, Treasurer of the League for the State of Massachusetts.

Chicago's Population Decreased.

CHICAGO, March 16.—The Supreme Court of the State has decided that the recent annexation of Hyde Park to Chicago, adding fifty thousand to the latter's population, is unconstitutional.

## A BROKEN TRUCK

### Throws a Train Off the Track and Through a Trestle. A Number of Passengers Killed and Wounded.

WATKINS, Ga., March 15.—The fast mail train No. 27, leaving Savannah at 7 yesterday morning, went through Hurricane Trestle, one and a half miles east of Blackshear, at 9:20 a. m. The entire train, consisting of tender, baggage-car, smoker, one coach, Pullman sleeper Haxon, and the private car Minerva, of E. P. Wilber, President of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, was a total wreck. The accident was caused, probably, by a broken truck under the front end of the baggage car, causing the train to leave the track and knocking down the trestle. The only car not actually broken into splinters is that of President Wilbur. Twenty-four persons were killed and thirty-two wounded, some, it is thought fatally. The trestle of Hurricane river is about eight hundred feet in length, and the break included four hundred feet at the west end, the tender and engine lodging against the abutment. The baggage car left the track on the trestle, which accounts for the accident. The trestle show where the trucks cut down into them. It was this car that careened the rear cars, and by its strain dragged the tender down, the engine having safely passed over. Had it not been for the presence of mind of Engineer Edward Welch, a much more horrible fate would have been in store for the wounded. Hurriedly dispatching the engine with a fireman to Blackshear, he ran down to the wreck, and with the assistance of the porter of the Pullman car Minerva, extinguished the fire which had broken out in the baggage car.

Bald-Knobbers.

One of them Confesses to All He Did—He Says He Was to Be a Straight Story and Take His Punishment.

ST. LOUIS, March 15.—The trial of the Bald-Knobbers, at Ozark, was interrupted yesterday by the breaking down of John Matthews, whose case was called at one o'clock. The prisoner appeared in a dispirited condition and at once presented a prosecuting attorney a paper, which was at once handed back to him. He then handed it to the judge, who returned it with the instructions to first submit it to his attorneys. He was evidently desirous of taking a confession to any person who would receive it. Matthews confessed to a liberal share in the Edens-Green butchery. He said it was a blow from his Winchester rifle and not with an axe that knocked old man Edens senseless. Bill Walker shot Charles Green through the temple with a pistol, while the young man was held by Matthews. Knobber Willy Matthews, the defendant's nephew, shot Bill Edens in the back with a load of buckshot. The statement excites gravest. "I want to tell all I did in that thing and take my punishment." He said the heart-broken mother of the young man who was killed, "I don't want any body to suffer for what I did. I don't want any trial. I came here this evening to tell all I know and take my sentence to the pen. I was led to that thing. I don't think I am guilty of murder in the first degree." The State refused to entertain his plea for a pardon in the second degree. A motion for a change of venue was refused.

Veterans and the Public Lands.

NEW YORK, March 16.—At a meeting of army and navy veterans to-day the decision of the Secretary of the Interior in regard to the rights of veterans was received. The decision stated that the Government made no distinction between private citizens and soldiers and sailors. A committee was appointed to ask Congress to make such changes in the law as will enable all veterans to obtain public lands with Government aid.

Mother and Child Burned to Death.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Mrs. Wm. Dalton, wife of a rag-picker, was burned to death with her four-year-old daughter, in a tenement-house fire early this morning. About a dozen other persons, half of them negroes, made their escape from the building in a semi-nude condition. A disolute tailor who was ejected by the agent for non-payment of rent is suspected of having set the place on fire.

The Great Steel Gun.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., March 15.—The steel gun has been taken from the annealing furnace, and is now awaiting orders for shipment to Washington. Superintendent Hainsworth says they have made every possible test of strength outside of firing it (which can be made at Washington), and there has not been a flaw discovered.

Died of His Injuries.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 15.—At 3:30 to-night the Hon. David Gray, of Buffalo, a victim of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railway accident, died at the city hospital. He has been unconscious since taken from the wreck. Out of twenty-one injured Mr. Gray's is the only death.

Volcanoes Belching Forth.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 15.—[Via Galveston.]—Recent parties visiting Popocatepetl report increasing activity in the crater, with clouds of smoke and sulphurous fumes. Reports from Central America show that several volcanoes are unmistakably in renewed activity.

Two Pairs.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., March 15.—Mrs. Tom Blevins, the wife of a farmer residing at Butler, Johnson county, has just given birth to four children, two boys and two girls. The youngsters are all small, but well, and likely to live.

Express Company Sold.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The Erie Express Company has been sold to the Wells-Fargo Company.

Big Batch of Immigrants.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The arrivals at Castle Garden to-day numbered 2,393.

Opponax is the name of a new perfume that has suddenly become very popular in Paris. It is said to be made chiefly from carrots, and has what may be termed a modified smell of that vegetable.

A fashionable dressmaker has received an order from a Western woman for a gown with "one of them vestibule trains that are talked of so much in the papers."—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

## FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

### First Session.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—SENATE.—Tariff petitions from the National Association of Wool Growers and the New England Association of Wool Manufacturers were presented asking for protection. Among bills introduced was Sherman's making an appropriation for the Executive Departments to participate in the Ohio Centennial celebration in September and October. Colquitt, of Georgia, made a long speech in favor of the President's message. Dolph followed, and, after an executive session, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Bland, of Missouri, made his usual objection, and protested against logrolling. There was a tilt between Cannon, of Illinois, and Bland, because the former questioned the sincerity of the Missouri member's objections in certain cases. Under the call of the States several bills were introduced, including Randall's tariff measure, which was referred to the Ways and Means Committee, Bland, of Pennsylvania, stated a lively row by offering a resolution declaring that petitions for hearings before the Ways and Means had been refused, and referring inquiry on the subject to the Committee on Rules. Breckinridge made a point that the resolution was not in order, and Reed spoke to a point of order, stating a hypothetical case in which he gave Democratic methods of secrecy full exposure. This roused Mills to a great exhibition of anger, but Cushman, of Michigan, made an interposition that enabled Speaker Cox to call Mills to order and decide against Bland. The rest of the day was devoted to District of Columbia affairs. House adjourned at 4:30.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—SENATE.—Bills were reported and placed on the calendar. Mr. Hale called up his resolution to examine into the civil service branches of the Government. An amendment was offered to the bill for the reorganization of the elections of 1890 and 1894. After considerable discussion the amendment was defeated and the original resolution adopted by a strict party vote. Mr. Dick spoke in advocacy of his bill for the retirement of U. S. legal tenders, etc. He attacked Mr. Sherman for his responsibility for the demonstration of silver. Mr. Sherman responded in his own defense.

HOE.—Mr. Bland reported a bill limiting the coinage of the double eagle to twenty per cent. of the gold deposited in the mints, and discontinuing the coinage of the three-dollar and one-dollar gold pieces—calendar. Mr. Springer reported the omnibus bill for the admission into the Union Dakota, Montana, Washington and New Mexico—referred to committee of the Public Buildings and Grounds. A bill for the repeal of the internal revenue laws. The underavaluation bill was considered, without action. At 4:30 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Carlisle presided. A bill was passed granting right of way through Ft. Riley military reservation, in Kansas, to the Kansas Valley Railroad Company; the Committee on Elections reported a bill for the creation of a district of Columbia of Washington vs. Post, confirming the right of Post to his seat; the district militia bill for a National Guard organization was considered and went over; Senate bill for the pay for passenger conductors was passed; a bill referring to an old claim case to the Court of Claims was discussed until 4:30 p. m., when the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—SENATE.—A letter was



# BIG SANDY NEWS

Published at the post office at Louisa, Ky., as a second-class matter.

Published every Thursday by  
M. F. CONLEY,  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS—\$1.00 per year in advance.

OFFICE—Old Clerk's Office Building,  
LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

Advertisement rates furnished on application.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1888.

The session of the Legislature has been extended to April 16th.

The first number of the Paintsville Paragraph, issued on the 16th inst., presents a neat appearance, and gives evidence of ability at the helm.

A fast train crushed a trestle at Blackshear, Ga., last Saturday, and in the smash-up twenty people were killed and a large number injured.

The Ways and Means Committee has been having some high old times over the tariff bill. The free list of the bill has been adopted without modification.

The Blair Educational bill is asleep in a House Committee room and it is not probable that it will be awakened in time to make its debut before the House this session.

The Rowan county Investigating Committee has reported in favor of the dismemberment of Rowan, and those counties which will come in for shares of the dissected sister are kicking vigorously.

The big telephone suit which has been so long pending in the Courts, has been decided in the United States Supreme Court in favor of the Bell Telephone Company on all points and in all cases.

The most severe blizzard and snow storm ever known in the Eastern States visited them last week. Many persons were frozen to death, and in New York city travel and traffic of every kind was stopped for some time.

The House has passed a bill providing that it shall not be a cause of challenge in criminal cases that a juror has read a newspaper containing an account of the commission of the crime under consideration, if the juror states under oath that he can render an impartial verdict. We hope this bill will become a law.

## DEFAULTED.

"Honest Dick" Tate, Kentucky's State Treasurer, a Defaulter and Fugitive.

J. W. Tate, State Treasurer, has skipped out, being short in his accounts with the State about \$150,000. For more than twenty years he had been the trusted financier of the State, and his crookedness is probably the most surprising event which has transpired in the history of the Commonwealth's affairs. It is thought that he did not take much money with him, but that his shortage is the result of his kindness of heart, in loaning money to friends. It is supposed that he has gone to Mexico. The State will not suffer any great loss by the deficit, as Mr. Tate's bond is for \$300,000, and is a most excellent one. The Legislature has authorized the offering of a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of the fugitive.

The Beautyville Enterprise says that thirty-two people are going to leave Estill and Lee counties for Montana in one emigrant party. There is certainly very little wisdom in this move. The inhabitants of the mountain counties, after a history of poverty and hardships coexistent with their settlement, are just on the eve of realizing the benefits of prosperity and improvement. Only a complete ignorance of the attention which Eastern Kentucky is now attracting from capital would justify a citizen seeking to better his condition in leaving that part of the State. The Enterprise and its contemporaries should be tireless in spreading this knowledge, and if they can hold their people a while longer the latter will have no desire to leave.—Courier-Journal.

GREATLY EXCITED.  
Not a few of the citizens of Louisa have recently become greatly excited over the astounding fact, that several of their friends who had been pronounced incurable and beyond all hope—suffering from that dreaded monster, Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Medical Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung diseases, Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis. Trial bottles sent at K. F. Vinson's Drug store. Large bottles \$1.

# LOUISA.

## A Brief Review of Her Prospects, Needs and Advantages, and a

### Short Description of Her Business and Business Men.

#### The "GEM OF THE MOUNTAINS."

Louisa is sometimes called the "Gem of the Mountains." The exceeding beauty of the town site, and the uniform arrangement of the streets, were probably among the strongest suggestions which led to the bestowal of this title. There is no reason why Louisa should not be made a city of unusual activity and thrift, and worthy of even a more complimentary title than that referred to above; possessing, as she does, rare advantages of many kinds. Prominent among these advantages is the location as regards the cheap procurement of supplies necessary for the operation of numerous industries. Nature has graciously bestowed her gifts here, but as yet they lie almost untouched; and a reasonable amount of energy and capital expended in the right direction will make this a manufacturing center. Stone, timber and building materials of all kinds can be purchased here very cheap, and desirable lots can be bought at low figures. Our climate is salubrious, neither extremely cold in winter nor intensely hot in summer, and no blizzards nor cyclones ever molest or make afraid. And everything considered, this is a most happy place of abode alike for the rich and the poor.

Industries of almost every description would here prove profitable investments. We are surrounded by canal and bituminous coal, iron-ore, timber, fire-clay, good agricultural lands, &c. With both railroad and river our facilities for transportation are all that could be desired; and they will be greatly increased with the completion of the locks and dams, as the river will then be navigable the year round. Should the movement now on foot in Cincinnati to pipe the gas from the Warfield well to that place be put into effect—and the prospects are excellent—our manufacturing advantages will be greatly increased; as it is proposed to furnish us with gas for all purposes at extremely low rates. With a good supply of gas, where could be found a point offering better inducements, surrounded, as we are, by natural resources almost unlimited in variety, quantity and quality.

The many golden opportunities now standing open will not much longer remain unimproved. And if our citizens do not take advantage of the situation, foreign capital will come in and reap the rich harvest. The selfishness and old fogeyism of many of our moneyed men is responsible in a large measure for the undeveloped state of this section. What we need to build up the town is the establishment of enterprises which will employ labor, and if our citizens do not choose to embrace the opportunities, then foreign capital should be encouraged. We hope, however, to soon see home capital invested.

Louisa has the best and most beautiful court house in the State east of Lexington. We have three good churches and several business houses which are ornaments to our town.

This article is not gotten up on the Western style. There are no exaggerations, and only a few facts are mentioned. We shall now briefly speak of our business men.

But few towns can boast of a more enterprising firm than that of Snyder Bros., the members of which are Thos. J. and Augustus Snyder. They have been residents of our town for about twelve years, and have probably done more in that time for the improvement of Louisa than any other firm. Both being practical blacksmiths, they began business here by opening a blacksmith shop, which was followed by the addition of a wagon shop. Their next venture was a hardware store; and they have since extended their business in various directions, until it now includes a large blacksmithing establishment, wagon manufactory, mammoth hardware store, large furniture store, saddle and harness manufactory, tinware, and a large manufactory with planing machines and the best machinery for making hubs, spokes, tool handles of all kinds, furniture, &c. They have erected a "concrete" building for their machinery. They have for some time been filling foreign orders for handles, &c. and are now contemplating an increase of their capacity. Quite a number of hands are employed in the various departments.

They are owners of half of Enterprise Block, a handsome brick business building, and they use division No. 2 for displaying goods of

their various lines, while they have ware-rooms in the second story of their manufactory. Several neat residences of our town were built by Snyder Bros. They have well earned their success. With a few more such valuable firms our town would soon be a model of thrift.

J. A. HUGHES.  
Our Representative in the General Assembly, is the proprietor of a large merchandising business at this place. He has been in business here during the past three years and has an immense trade. Mr. Hughes is a practical business man, a liberal advertiser, and what is usually termed a hustler. He carries immense stocks of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and everything in the general merchandising line. His profits are small and his sales large. He does a large produce and jobbing business. Mr. Hughes' popularity and accommodating spirit brings him much custom. He has, during the last two years, occupied the two stories of division No. 3 of Enterprise Block. During this attendance on the Legislature the business has been conducted by his brother, Mr. E. S. Hughes, who, though young, is a thorough manager. Mr. Hughes is also engaged in the timber business. Lack of space forbids a more extended notice.

C. D. NORRIS & Co.  
This firm owns the largest and oldest grocery house in town. They carry a large and well selected stock, and their store is noted for its attractive appearance. They do a considerable jobbing business and enjoy an immense retail trade. C. D. Norris and Capt. M. Freese compose the firm, and the business is under the able management of Mr. Norris, who is a stirring business man. These gentlemen also own and conduct a drug store—the "Central" and the steamboat Tom Spurlock. Dr. Bussey has charge of the drug store, which does business under the firm name of Freese & Norris. The Spurlock place between this place and Iron-ton, making daily trips and transacting a large amount of business. The wharf boat is also the property of the above named gentlemen.

G. W. GUNNELL & Co.  
This firm has a large and well selected stock of general merchandise in the large brick business house near the depot. It is a strong and substantial firm, and is driving a large and constantly increasing trade. Each succeeding month shows an increase in the volume of their business. Their store is beautifully arranged and is a credit to our town. Mr. Gunnell is a native of Virginia and is a good business man. He is gentlemanly, accommodating and progressive, and deserves the good share of patronage which he gets.

D. J. BURCHETT  
Is one of our prominent business men, being the owner and proprietor of a boot and shoe store of considerable size, a boot and shoe manufactory and a tannery. He is accommodating and popular, has a large and well established trade, and is in every way a business man. The leather used in his manufactory is made in his tannery over half of Enterprise Block, and occupies the two stories of division No. 1 with his store and manufactory. He also ships a large lot of tan-bark.

D. C. SPENCER  
Moved to this place several months ago and opened a restaurant, which proved a very successful undertaking. After a short time he rented a portion of the old hotel building and put in a stock of confectioneries and groceries, still running his restaurant in connection. He also serves oysters, and has quite a paying business.

R. J. REICHARD  
Is an old and reliable groceryman of this place. He occupies the stand at the corner of Main and Water streets, and carries a good stock of everything in his line, making a specialty of flour, bacon, and other staple groceries. He has a well-established trade and does a good business.

Ep. S. HUGHES & Co.  
Are the owners of a mercantile establishment in Louisa. Their business is at present under the management of Mr. C. C. Leffingwell, a former merchant of this place. They are patronized liberally. The members of the firm are referred to elsewhere.

MISS MAGGIE HATCHER  
Has for more than a year been very successfully conducting a millinery store in Louisa. She has recently moved from her former quarters in the old hotel to the first floor below the post office. She deserves a good share of the people's patronage.

GARRED, JERMS & Co.  
Are the owners and proprietors of the Chattahoochee Hotel, in connection with which they run a livery and feed stable. C. D. Garred is the popular proprietor of the hotel, while John Jerms, who knows all about the care of a horse, superintends the livery and feed stable.

DR. F. W. WEIS.  
One of our physicians has been engaged in the drug business for more than two years. He located at this place some years ago, coming from Missouri. He is also a member of the Chattahoochee Printing Co.

T. B. & G. S. HILLERS.

These two brothers have recently opened a meat shop in Louisa, opposite Drake's Hall, where they will keep meat of the best quality all ways on hand. They are both practical butchers, and deserve to be liberally patronized.

E. NORRIS & Co.  
Have been engaged in the grocery business here since last October. Messrs. Elsworth and C. D. Norris comprise the firm, the business being conducted by the former. They make a specialty of fancy groceries and confectioneries, and are gaining a lucrative trade. They occupy the house on Main Cross street formerly used by Leo Frank as a jewelry store. Elsworth was for several years in the employ of C. D. Norris & Co., and has a host of friends, who give him a large share of their patronage.

COL. J. H. NORTUP  
Has the reputation of being the most thorough and competent business man in Eastern Kentucky. He is a native of New York and has been a resident of Louisa for about twenty years. He was appointed receiver of the Chattahoochee R. R., and has managed the business most successfully. He still has charge of the business of the road, and is at the head of several industries in this section. His ability and qualifications are too well known to need comment.

W. H. WALDECK  
Has for many years operated a tannery at this place. He ships to Cincinnati the principal part of the leather he manufactures. The tannery is well equipped and has a large capacity. It was established many years ago and has for several years been owned and successfully conducted by Mr. Waldeck. He recently made a trip up the Valley and purchased a large number of hides.

WM. REMMELE  
Has been in the grocery business here for about five years. He is a native of Huntington, W. Va. He keeps a good stock of everything in the grocery line and runs a bakery in connection with his store. He also has charge of the Peach Orchard coal business at this place. He occupies the stand North of the depot, where he does a profitable business.

R. C. McCLELL  
Our County Superintendent of Schools, is also our Undertaker. He carries a complete stock of everything in his line and makes a specialty of attending funerals. He also sells tomb stones, monuments, &c. He is the first and only undertaker this county has had. Patronize home enterprises.

GREENVILLE LACKEY.  
Mr. Lackey enjoys the honor of being the oldest merchant of this place. He has been a very successful merchant and a leading citizen and still occupies his stand on Main Cross street, though now past seventy years of age.

H. C. SULLIVAN,  
The Deputy R. M., keeps a good line of stationery and books in the post-office, and will soon put a stock of jewelry in the first floor below. He is also connected with other business interests.

W. T. EYAN  
Has long been engaged in the drug business at this place. His establishment is at the foot of Main street. He is a reliable and substantial business man.

R. F. VINSON  
Is one of our prominent business men, being connected with many interests throughout the county. He owns a drug store at this place, which is conducted by J. S. Ratcliffe.

HACKWORTH & BURNS.  
This is an old merchandising firm, well known in this vicinity. They occupy a handsome brick building on the corner of Main and Main Cross streets, erected by them a few years since. The members of this firm have long been residents of this place, and are well known as straight forward and reliable business men.

FREESE & Co.  
Is the style of a firm conducting a leading industry of our place. They are the proprietors of the Louisa Roller Flour Mills, well known throughout the Sandy Valley. It is the only establishment in the Valley which makes flour by the roller process. They have all the latest improved machinery, occupying a substantial building of five floors. The capacity of the mills is great and the firm does a large business, both local and foreign. Capt. M. Freese and the Jordan heirs are the owners, and the business is under the personal supervision of Capt. Freese, who was once the leading steamboatman of this Valley. (Continued on page 3.)



## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A staple of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight adulterated powders. Sold in 4 lbs. tins. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

## \$13 WEEKS.

### ORE DOLLAR.

Liberal discount allowed to postmasters and clubs. Sample copies mailed free. Address all orders to

**RICHARD K. FOX,**  
FRANKLIN SQUARE, N. Y.

JOHN F. STRATTON,  
Imports and Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of

ACCO-DEONS.  
CHATTAROI RAILWAY

To take effect Monday, Nov. 2nd, 1886.  
(Daily, except Sunday.)

SOUTHWARD		STATIONS		NORTHWARD	
Read Up	Read up				
No. 4	No. 4			No. 1	No. 4
Pass.	Pass.			Pass.	Pass.
10:00	3:00			4:00	10:00
1:10	6:50	Attn. at	9:31	4:30	
1:25	7:10	Attn. at	9:12	4:40	
1:35	7:05	Normal	9:06	4:06	
1:41	7:15	Garage	9:55	3:56	
1:49	7:20	Hamptho	8:59	3:50	
1:51	7:25	Oakland	8:42	3:45	
2:00	7:30	Savage for tech	8:37	3:30	
2:04	8:00	Lockwoods	8:03	3:17	
2:11	8:05	Wrights	7:58	3:09	
2:13	8:21	Wrights	7:47	2:59	
2:18	8:28	Rockville	7:40	2:52	
2:21	8:40	Cumtut	7:20	2:31	
2:23	9:00	Attn. at	7:06	2:19	
2:28	9:06	Attn. at	6:58	2:06	
2:31	9:10	Whitts	6:54	2:02	
2:33	9:20	Louisa	6:38	1:44	
2:38	9:45	Camp Ground	6:48	1:35	
2:41	9:47	Warburg	6:44	1:13	
2:43	9:55	Summit	6:04	1:03	
2:48	10:01	Peecks		10:54	
2:51	10:08	Northrup	5:48	12:46	
2:53	10:31	Wells	5:45	12:40	
2:58	10:37	Beach Creek Trl.	5:15	11:51	
3:01	10:41	Forbes	5:05	11:57	
3:03	10:47	Richardson	5:01	11:50	



# BIG SANDY NEWS

THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, 1888.

The nicest line of corsets in town at Hughes.

Miss Emma Burchett is visiting in Catlettsburg.

Go to Hughes' and see those beautiful dress gingham.

Go to Hughes' for the latest style kid gloves, hosiery, &c.

Born, on last Friday, to Andrew Ferguson and wife, a boy.

We are headquarters for Ladies' furnishing goods. HUGHES.

A correspondence from Little Blaine was crowded out this week.

Go to E. S. Hughes & Co.'s for saddlery, plow gearing, trace chains, &c.

Mrs. Allen Borders, of Peach Orchard, was visiting in Louisa last week.

For plows and all kinds of farming implements go to E. S. Hughes & Co's.

Mrs. M. B. Goble, of Catlettsburg, was visiting in Louisa a few days since.

FOR SALE.—A desirable building lot. For particulars apply at this office.

The Hatfield party was taken up on a boat a few nights since by Jailor Cline and guards.

Just received new spring styles, dress gingham, seersuckers, satteens, &c., at Hughes.

H. C. Sullivan will soon put a good stock of jewelry in the room just below the post-office.

Don't forget that we sell the celebrated W. W. oil for 15 cents a gallon. J. A. & E. S. HUGHES & CO.

For letter-heads, note heads, envelopes, posters, tags, or anything in the job-printing line, call at this office.

Little Cui Workman, aged two years, died at Capt. Fress's on Tuesday night of last week, of membranous croup.

Ladies, you are invited to come in and inspect our new goods. We are receiving them daily. J. A. HUGHES.

FOUR—A key-ring containing six keys. The owner can get them by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

We have just received to-day a big stock of Prints. Also an elegant line of ladies' and gents' Fine Shoes. J. A. HUGHES.

REMOVAL.—I have removed my stock of Military Goods from the Old Hotel to the first floor below the Post Office. MAGGIE HATCHER.

"The Heroic Dutchman of '76" will be rendered on next Thursday night, March 29th, at Drake's Hall, by the Home Comedy Company. Don't fail to see it.

A free and easy expectoration is produced by a few doses of Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lying Balm, in all cases of hoarseness, sore throat, or difficulty in breathing.

We have the best line of gents' furnishing goods in the city. We have just received a big line of shirts, collars, cuffs, neckwear, &c. HUGHES.

Senator Wallace and wife arrived at home from Frankfort last week. The Senator returned to the Capital on Wednesday. Mrs. Wallace and little Hermina Northup have gone for a visit to relatives in New York.

HEREAFTER.—Until I get a good first class workman to place in charge of my store in Louisa, I, Mr. Brown will be in Louisa, first door below postoffice, on Tuesdays and Wednesdays, ready to do repairing and attend to your wants. Remember our motto:—"Honest work for honest prices." GALLUP, Jeweler & Optician.

## MARRIAGES.

Married, on last Monday morning, Mr. W. J. Crutcher to Miss Jetie Roffe, Rev. Bowles, of the M. E. Church South, officiating. The ceremony was performed at nine o'clock, at the residence of the bride's father, and the couple left on the 9:27 train for Peach Orchard, their future home. Only a few most intimate friends were present.

Both were highly esteemed members of Louisa society. The groom is a model young man and deserves much commendation for his success; and we congratulate him on his good fortune in winning the estimable young lady who has become his wife. Mr. Crutcher holds the lucrative position of manager of the G. W. M. & M. Co.'s store at Peach Orchard.

Married, on last Saturday evening, at the residence of Judge Stewart, Wm. Shannon to Miss Sarah Spears.

Since the article which appears on another page in regard to J. W. Tate was put in type it has been ascertained that the shortage in his accounts with the State will almost reach \$200,000.

Sick headache is the bane of many lives. To cure and prevent this annoying complaint use Dr. J. H. McLean's Little Liver and Kidney Pills. They are agreeable to take and gentle in their action. 25 cents a vial.

New trestles are being built on the Chattahoochee road, and an engineering corps is straightening up the track and making changes along the line. We are informed that this corps will soon be at work surveying a route to Pikeville.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Prichard, Mrs. A. J. Garred, Mrs. Ed. Ferguson and Mrs. H. W. Ferguson left a few days ago for Hot Springs. At Cincinnati they joined a party from Catlettsburg. Mrs. J. A. Hughes is also one of the party.

The Home Comedy Company will, on next Thursday evening, make its second appearance at this place. "The Heroic Dutchman of '76," a most interesting comedy, will be presented at Drake's Hall. See bills for further particulars.

Having in our official capacity as members of the Plymouth, Pa., Hospital Committee, been asked to test and prove the effectiveness of many different remedies to be used as disinfectants in sick rooms and as preventatives of infection, we report that Darby's Prophylactic fluid has been thoroughly tested during the recent Typhoid epidemic in this place. It proved most efficacious in staying the spread of the fever. S. M. DAVENPORT, F. H. ARMSTRONG, O. M. LANCE, C. A. OFF, THOS. KEEL, JAMES LEE, JR.

Pay Up.—I herby give notice to all who are indebted to me for services of any kind, that if they do not settle their indebtedness by cash on or before April 1st their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection. Payment may be made to my wife who will receipt for the same. G. W. WROTON.

Would you have sweet and healthy bread, biscuits, cakes and puddings? Use J. Monroe Taylor's Golden Seda. It takes less quantity, will not make your bread yellow, is a sure preventative to the decay of teeth, is perfectly healthy, and makes our flour more bread to the barrel of flour. Never use any other if you can procure this article. Try it. Most all Grocers sell it.

EDMOND'S BRANCH. Some very extensive trading has been going on among the Jordan boys James Cooksey and Walter Jordan and his mother, now own the entire Falls of Blaine property.

We regret to announce the serious illness of Mrs. Poly Bradley, who is very low at this writing. James C. Short, formerly of the Falls of Blaine, has removed into our vicinity.

John Jones, of your place, gladdened the hearts of some of our neighbors recently by cutting their staves and handing out the "spooduliks."

The talk of the knocking spirit is somewhat abating, as quite a number of folks have recently learned "the great art."

Mrs. Rachel Stephenson, of Newcomb, is visiting relatives here. Floyd M. Ebert, of two miles, was here recently on business.

James Henson and Harrison Kelly are the boss coal diggers. Give us the News and we are contented.

We hope to hear from Dr. Wroton again soon.

COUNTRY GREENHORN.

Dr. J. H. McLean's Little Liver and Kidney Pills are the only medicine for Uterine, Eruptions, or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. R. F. Vinson, Druggist.

## LOUISA.

[Continued from page 2.]

B. F. THOMAS.

Mr. Thomas is a civil engineer of much ability and has charge of the Big Sandy and Little Kanawha rivers. He owns a considerable amount of property in Louisa, and is an energetic and progressive citizen. He has recently applied for a patent on a "dam trip," an invention of his which is a great improvement on the ones now in use on most of the Government dams. It promises to be quite a profitable invention.

LOUISA STOCKYARDS CO.

This company has regular monthly sales of stock, &c., at this place during the seasonable months. Their first sale of the season will be on the third Monday in next month. The company is composed of R. C. McClure and L. B. Ferguson. Mr. Ferguson is also an insurance agent, and is interested in the Chattanooga Printing company.

HENRY JENKINS

Will open a blacksmith shop here within a few days. He is a good workman and was formerly in the employ of Snyder Bros. He has just returned from a stay of three years in Texas, where he was engaged in blacksmithing, and we predict that he will build up a paying business here.

DR. H. O. CEASE.

Dr. Cease, Dentist, is located just across the street from the Chattanooga Hotel, where he is prepared to execute skillfully all work in his line. His prices are moderate and his office is fitted with all the latest appliances for doing dental work.

J. L. DIAMOND.

Who was in the butcher business at this place before the war, is still running a meat shop here. He keeps constantly a good supply of meat, and is entitled to a good share of the patronage of the town.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.

McGhee & Rains, two photographers from Huntington, W. Va., have lately fitted up a photograph gallery in Louisa, and are prepared to do every kind of work in their line.

MRS. M. R. LAYNE

Is a milliner and dressmaker. She uses the latest improved methods in cutting and fitting. She has long been established in business here and needs no introduction.

GEO. B. JUSTICE & CO.

Have recently opened a boot and shoe manufactory on Main Cross street. Mr. Justice is known to be a good workman and will no doubt do a thriving business.

LOAR BROS.

Of this place, were, for many years in the merchandising business here, but at present are conducting a large timber business in Pike county.

MRS. MARY DRENNON

Has for several months been running a millinery store at this place. She carries a well-selected stock of the latest style goods.

BARBERS.

Our wants in the tonsorial line are attended to by Joseph Botts and Samuel Reed, both good "artists."

R. HOOPER & CO.

Attend to the real estate business of this section. The members of the company are quite numerous.

B. W. SMITH

Has just opened a tailor shop in Dr. Swetnam's building on Madison street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Owing to lack of space, we are compelled to refrain from devoting to each one of the following the amount of space deserved.

LAWYERS.—Louisla's bar is an able one, and we should be pleased to speak of its members in detail and at length, but must defer.

PHYSICIANS.—Following are the names of our competent corps of physicians: S. J. Yates, H. S. Swetnam, J. C. Bussey, F. W. Weis, W. A. Berry and G. W. Murray.

RESIDENT TIMBER AND STAVE MEN.—Messrs. F. C. Vinson, L. M. Atkins, Loar Bros., James Abbott, J. A. Hughes, Col. Northup and Sam Bussey.

SHOEMAKERS.—B. F. Martin, S. B. and G. B. Justice and H. Hale.

PLASTERERS.—Jas. O'Brien, Wm. Riggs and Wm. Billups are our plasterers, and are all skilled workmen.

PAINTERS.—W. N. Sullivan and Geo. Pigg attend to this line of business.

Having for some time been over-run with job work and other business we have labored under many disadvantages in getting up the foregoing article this week, and if the mention of any person coming within the scope of our subject has been omitted, we trust they will pardon us, accepting the fact that the omission was unintentional.

DON'T

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or consumption.

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is dangerous. Consumption is death itself. The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there is trouble ahead.

All the diseases of these parts, head, nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Bosche's German Syrup. If you don't know this already, thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, and know how it is themselves. Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

## Spiritualism Based on Unsatisfactory Testimony and Unwarranted Inferences.

[Contributed.]

Professor Tyndall has said: "The present promoters of spiritual phenomena divide themselves into two classes, one of which needs no demonstration, while the other is beyond the reach of proof. The victims like to believe, and they do not like to be undeceived. Science is perfectly powerless in the presence of this frame of mind. It is, moreover, a state perfectly compatible with extreme intellectual ability and capacity for devising hypotheses which only require the hardihood engendered by strong conviction or by cautious mendacity to render them impregnable. The logical feebleness of science is not sufficiently borne in mind. It keeps down the weed of superstition, not by logic, but by slowly rendering the mental soil unfit for cultivation. When science appeals to uniform experience, the spiritualist will retort, 'How do you know that a uniform experience will continue uniform? You tell me the sun has risen for six thousand years; that is no proof that it will rise to-morrow; within the next twelve hours it may be pulled out by the Almighty.' Taking this ground, a man may maintain the story of 'Jack and the Bean-stalk' in the face of all the science in the world. You urge in vain that science has given us all the knowledge of the universe which we now possess, while spiritualism has added nothing to that knowledge. The drugged soul is beyond the reach of reason. It is in vain that impostors are exposed, and the special demon cast out. He has but slightly to change his shape, return to his house, and find it empty, swept, and garnished."

Dr. Carpenter says: "When the mind has once fielded itself up to the delusion of these erroneous ideas, they can seldom be dispelled by any process of reasoning; for it results from the very nature of the previous habits of thought that the reasoning powers are weakened, and that the volitional control, through any of exercise, can no longer be exerted. If an attempt be made to reason a patient out of a delusion by demonstrating its complete inconsistency with the most obvious facts, the reply will generally be something to this effect: 'I have stronger evidence than any you can urge,—the evidence of my own feelings.'"

## BAKING POWDERS.

Official Tests by the Ohio State Food Commission.

Analyses of the Chief Brands in the Market—Their Strength and Value Ascertained.

The Ohio State Dairy and Food Commission, under the direction of the Legislature of that State, has made public the result of its recent official examination of the baking powders of the market. As many of the brands analyzed are in use throughout the country, the report of the Commission will be found of general interest.

The startling fact is brought out by the report that of the thirty different brands of baking powder analyzed, twenty are made from alum, a substance declared by the highest medical authorities to be injurious to health when used in food.

The Commission classifies the baking powders into three general divisions, according to their value:

1st. Cream of Tartar Baking Powders; 2d. Phosphate Baking Powders; 3d. Alum Baking Powders.

The Commission explains that the best baking powder is that which, the ingredients being faithful gives off the largest amount of leavening gas and leaves the smallest amount of residum in the bread. A small amount of carbonate of ammonia, which is considered healthful, is used in some of the cream of tartar powders to give them a higher strength. The Commission says that alum is undoubtedly a harmful salt. The report ranks the powders and shows the amount in each of merit results, which in using it would appear as residum in the bread, as follows:

Name.	Per Cent. of Residum.
CREAM OF TARTAR POWDERS.	
1. Royal	7.25
2. Dr. Price's	12.66
3. Pearson's	14.39
4. Cleveland's	10.18
5. Snow Drift	17.54
6. Upper Trent	9.11
7. Deland's	32.52
8. Sterling	12.63
PHOSPHATIC BAKING POWDERS.	
9. Horsford's	36.49
10. Wheat	86.23
ALUM BAKING POWDERS.	
11. Em Tre	34.26
12. Gold	30.34
13. Veteran	23.36
14. Cook's Favorite	31.92
15. Sun Flower	35.90
16. Kenton	38.17
17. Patapoco	40.08
18. Jersey	16.05
19. Bee-Love	29.85
20. Peerless	26.28
21. Silver Star	31.88
22. Crown	16.69
23. Crown (Special)	25.00
24. One Spoon	68.64
25. Wheeler's No. 18	27.73
26. Carleton	30.94
27. Gem	36.67
28. Sifted	18.25
29. Zipp's Grape Crystal	11.99
30. Forest City	21.04

The large amount of inert matter or residum in both the phosphate and alum powders will be noted. This in the phosphate powders is largely of lime; in the alum powders it is chiefly alum. It will be gratifying to the public to observe that the powder most generally used, the Royal, is also the purest. In comparing the first two powders on the list, for instance—the Royal and Dr. Price's—the inert matter in Price's is seen to be about five in seven more than the former, a difference of 71.37 per cent., the Royal being purer than Price's by a corresponding figure.

The carbonic or leavening gas produced by the powders indicates their strength and their true value may be ascertained by considering the amount of gas in connection with their inert matter or residum as shown above. The higher percentage of gas and lower percentage of residum the better the baking powder. These percentages, as found in some of the most familiar powders, are given as follows:

Name.	Leavening gas.	Residum.
Royal	11.80	7.25
Sterling	11.	12.63
Price's	10.50	12.66
Deland's	10.	32.52
Gem, Alum	8.45	36.57
Forest City, Alum	7.80	24.04
Silver Star, Alum	6.90	31.88
Kenton, Alum	6.20	38.17
Patapoco, Alum	6.	40.08
Empire, Alum	5.80	34.62
Cook's Favorite, Alum	5.80	34.92
One Spoon, Alum	5.75	58.08

With the foregoing explanation the study of these figures will readily give consumers a knowledge of the comparative value of the different brands. To illustrate with the percentages given the two powders before compared: the Royal containing 11.8 parts of leavening gas to 10.5 in Price's, its excess of strength is 1.3 in 10.5, or 12.4 per cent. Royal is therefore 12.4 per cent. stronger, as well as 71 per cent. purer than Price's etc. The relative strength and purity of all the powders can be computed in like manner.

Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by R. F. Vinson, Druggist.

WONDERFUL CURE. W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: "We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery Electric Bitters and Eicklen's Nerve Salve for two years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well, or give such universal satisfaction. They have been some wonderful cures effected by the medicines in this city. Several cases of announced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Eicklen's Bitters. We guarantee them always. For sale at R. F. Vinson's Drug Store.

## ONLY GALT.

Only Hotel at One Dollar and Fifty cents per day for meals and room, equal any Two Dollar per day hotel.

Only hotel that sell single meals at cost, i. e. thirty-five cents.

Only hotel that has a uniform price at all times to everyone.

Only hotel that is run exclusively in the interest of strangers.

Only hotel that has co-operative salary payments.

Only hotel that has been run continuously over fifty years by one family.

Only hotel that makes a stranger feel at home at once.

Only hotel that has the lowest rates of insurance.

Only hotel where the proprietor works sixteen hours every day.

The above are not the only advantages offered to its patrons by the Galt House, corner of Sixth and Main Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

W. E. Mays, Jr., Prop.

Save the Children. They are especially liable to catch Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by R. F. Vinson, Druggist.

## LITTLE BLAINE.

We are sorry to say that the Mormons and mediums are still in our vicinity.

A daughter of Squire Spriggs was stolen by the Mormons a few days ago, with the intention of sending her to Utah, but Mr. Spriggs found her and took her home.

Rev. W. H. C. McKister cut his foot very seriously on the 16th inst. C. C. Hays and wife are visiting at this place.

Uncle Wm. Moore and wife are visiting friends and relatives at this place. OLD HICKORY.

## CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN.

Has attained a standard of excellence which admits of no superior. It contains every improvement that inventive genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

Has with extraordinary efficacy on the LIVER, KIDNEYS, AND BOWELS.

AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR

Gout, Rheumatism, Gravel, Catarrh, Sciaticache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affection, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

No Household should be Without It, and it is the only medicine that can be taken without the least inconvenience or risk. Beware of cheap imitations and get the genuine with red "Z" on wrapper. Prepared only by J. H. ZEHLIN & CO., Sole Proprietors, Philadelphia, Pa. PRICE, \$1.00.

## Newport News & Miss. Valley Company.

[CHESAPEAKE and OHIO ROUTE.] Solid trains East and West and

Short Line

to all points in the

Northwest and Southwest—All trains are First-class.

No second class cars run on the C. & O., and holders of Emigrant tickets ride in first-class cars. Tickets sold to any destination and baggage checked through.

QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED:

Where are you going?

When are you going?

Where will you start from?

How many are there in your party?

Write to R. A. ANDREWS, Emigrant and Traveling passenger agent, Charleston, W. Va., who will give you the proper answer to the above questions and send you papers showing rates of travel and tickets will cost.

You will save time and money by taking the C. & O. W. V. FULLER, Gen'l Pass. Agt., W. C. CAVICKAM, Second Vice Pres.

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BICYCLES, Tricycles,

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# NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the publisher, whether directed to his home or whether he is a subscriber, is responsible for the paper. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers from the publisher is a violation of the law. It is the duty of every citizen to see that the laws are enforced.

# THE FACE AT THE WINDOW.

When the horrid darkness gathers over all the dreary skies, And the snow flakes flutter round us like the ghosts of butterflies, What sweet fancies and fond wishes around the weary heart and brain, When the face that waits our coming throbs against the window pane, There's the baby's, soft and rosy as the blush upon the peach, Her dimpled fingers clutching at the flakes just out of reach, Till her curly head awakens mamma's loving bosom bears, And she dreams the dancing snow flakes in her fingers turn to tears.

There's the prince of mother's kingdom in his boots and breeches, with the melody of childhood ringing in his happy shout; How the joys that wait to-morrow dance before his sparkling eyes, In the snowy treasures dropping from the melancholy skies.

There's the darling blue-eyed sister, with her curls of shining gold, Pure as when the angels kissed her farewell from the upper fold, With that look of wistful longing in her pure angelic face, For a message from the snow flakes whirling hither out of space.

There's another waiting his coming at those steps the bushes start, Whose faint foot-fall in the gloaming finds an echo in her heart— Goddess of the school and distaff, weaver of life's mystic loom, In that holiest of holies, in the paradise of home.

Dream ye not in art's atelier of a vision to be caught, With such holy passions haunted and such soul of love wrought, As that glowing picture painted on the throbbing heart and brain, When the forms we love and cherish crowd the "airy window pane."

—Eileen S. Hopkins, in *Peter's*.

# CECIL DACRE.

Stories From the Life of a London Artist.

Cecil Dacre was an artist. He was desperately poor, undeniably good looking, and he stood six feet in his stockings. Young Dacre was an Englishman, and he lived with another artist, a young American, as poor as himself, just behind the Church of St. Martin's. So poor were they that they could hardly afford to afford a model, so they used to take it in turn to act as each other. Cecil Dacre, being indignant at the pathetic situation, just behind the Church of St. Martin's, so poor were they that they could hardly afford to afford a model, so they used to take it in turn to act as each other. Cecil Dacre, being indignant at the pathetic situation, just behind the Church of St. Martin's, so poor were they that they could hardly afford to afford a model, so they used to take it in turn to act as each other.

At noon the next day four officers, accompanied by the neighbor, presented themselves at Dacre's room door and knocked loudly for admission in the name of the law. "Only at the third knock," said the neighbor, "the door opened, and the man drove off in a dog or insolent manner into the house." The neighbor, being an Italian, immediately struck an attitude.

"I yield," said Dacre, in a broken voice; "the proofs of my crime you will find in the next room."

Two of the agents advanced and seized the supposed murderer by either arm.

"I should recognize her at once," cried the neighbor. "The poor creature wears a dress of a bright blue color, and she is seen from under the cloak in which she is enveloped."

The bedroom door was flung open by the leader of the little party. In the center of the room was a woman in a bright blue dress; it was standing on its head.

The police instantly released their prisoner.

"Let this be a lesson to you, sir," said Dacre to his too curious visitor. "In a voice of thunder, 'when you next dare to intrude upon the privacy of gentlemen and men of honor.'"

And then Messrs. Dacre and Jones executed a ferocious dance, in which the neighbor was perpetuated by Dacre upon an unfortunate lady who had the misfortune to dwell upon the second floor of the great house of which the comrades occupied the sky parlor.

She was a devotee—her one harmless amusement being the keeping of two immense goldfish in a big glass globe upon her balcony. With diabolical ingenuity Dacre, by means of a piece of string, a pin and a small piece of meat, angled for the two fishy monsters who formed the joy of the old lady's life, caught them, fried them in egg and bread crumbs, and then restored them to their once happy and transparent home.

In the Cafe Verdi, Cecil Dacre once calmly declared, after a rather hilarious breakfast, that he would cause twenty innocent citizens of Naples to be arrested within the hour. The Cafe Verdi is, as we know, situated in the Piazza del Martiri. Dacre went out and purchased a large ball of string; he made a loop in the end of it, and then he took a mean advantage of the urban politeness of the waiter. Producing a huge note book, he courteously raised his hat to the first respectable bystander.

"Signor," said he, "will you greatly oblige me by holding this piece of string while I take a few measurements? Thank you so much."

And then with great strides he commenced to pace the piazza. Of course a little crowd collected at once. Dacre selected another victim and, in a voice of thunder, "when you next dare to intrude upon the privacy of gentlemen and men of honor."

"Keep it quite taut, if you please," and he bowed politely. Within five minutes thirty individuals were holding the tightly stretched string, an immense crowd had assembled and Dacre had finished his pacings, his string and the careful notes he had appeared to be making.

"Be patient, gentlemen," he said; "I shall not detain you long." Then he disappeared, only to re-enter the Cafe Verdi by the back door to wait the result. He was seen there in time with considerable ingenuity, for he knew that the police patrol always

arrived on the Piazza del Martiri punctually at noon. It wanted two minutes of the hour. Just at that time the peace of Naples was much disturbed by political demonstrations, which were severely put down by the authorities. The hour struck. Twenty policemen, headed by a sergeant, appeared upon the scene; of course they proceeded at once to arrest the thirty mysterious conspirators who were still innocently engaged in their pacings. Dacre's string, Dacre and his friends watching the whole scene from the windows of the Cafe Verdi with delighted merriment.

But the master stroke of Dacre's ingenuity was the artfully arranged plan by which he obtained feloniously \$5 from Mr. Donald MacTaggart, of Leith. MacTaggart was an ambitious young fellow of small talent, who had recently arrived in Naples to study art. MacTaggart was well-to-do, excessively stingy, preternaturally ugly and preposterously short. He was one of the "unconquered," he wouldn't forego his native ways, and young Mr. MacTaggart, of Leith, was ashamed when he was not made a butt of.

MacTaggart had one grievance against Providence upon which he constantly harped; it was his want of stature. It was a source of mortification to the young Scotchman that the wily Cecil Dacre determined to take advantage of, and at the same time gratify his taste for practical joking. Cecil there was in want of \$5 very badly indeed. He was about to go to bed, and at this particular time was more than usually urgent.

One day the three young men met by accident in the Cafe Verdi.

"That American doctor's a wonderful fellow," said Dacre, in a loud voice to his friend, Orlando P. Jones. "I wonder whether he's a humbug?"

Now MacTaggart was sitting at the next table, contemplating a dish of macaroni with great gusto.

"No, I don't think he's a humbug," said Jones; "they say he really does possess the secret of permanently diminishing or increasing stature at will. I've noticed people who have been to him two or three times, and there was always an extraordinary difference in their height. It's very marvelous."

MacTaggart who had drunk in the conversation with greedy ears, now joined in the man's first interest. The two young fellows gave him a good deal of circumstantial evidence.

"You ought to try him, MacTaggart, at any rate," said the crafty Dacre. "Any change in your appearance, my Caledonian Apollo, would be a benefit."

"I am thinking it would be very expensive, and I object to extravagance on principle," said the Scotchman.

"Well, you might beat him down; at all events you could try," said Dacre.

"Without a doubt. I'll sleep on it," said MacTaggart, and he paid for his breakfast and departed.

It took the Scotchman a whole week to make up his mind, and then he screwed his courage up to the sticking point and informed Dacre that he should visit the American physician the next day.

"It looks like a good thing," said Dacre, and he paid for his breakfast and departed.

"Well, he lives in the same house as I do, on the first floor. He's a benevolent old boy; you're sure to like him; the Yankees are almost as clannish as the Scotch, you know. You can go and find him at home at eight, and then they parted."

No sooner had the unfortunate MacTaggart turned the corner than Cecil Dacre triumphantly turned a collar flap backward, to the satisfaction of the little crowd of Neapolitan bystanders; then he bowed to the artist, kissed his finger tips to them, and started off as fast as his legs would carry him to his lodgings. The next day Cecil Dacre obtained the loan of his landlord's first floor for the day, and then he began to busy himself in an extraordinary manner. He secured the services of the porter's wife and daughter, black-eyed Pippa; they dusted, arranged and rearranged the big black velvet curtain, and then he began to busy himself in an extraordinary manner. He secured the services of the porter's wife and daughter, black-eyed Pippa; they dusted, arranged and rearranged the big black velvet curtain, and then he began to busy himself in an extraordinary manner.

chained; it is gradual extension; consider the pain as naturally to be endured. The other chief cause of the really efficacious and quite painless, is by means of a medicated bath, but not more than four inches increase in height can be obtained."

"I shall be perfectly satisfied, doctor, with four inches."

"Very good, young man, very good. You know your own business best. Retire behind that screen, direct yourself of your appearance, as the moments will be passing. So powerful are the effects of the drugs that your clothing, were it exposed to the potent vapors, would be utterly destroyed. Strip, young man," said the doctor, emphatically, and he pointed to the screen.

Mr. MacTaggart retired behind the screen, and did as he was bid, and the venerable benefactor of the human race disappeared into the bath room.

The first thing Dacre did was to empty his bottle of turpentine into the bath, and then he turned on the hot water till the bath was nearly full.

"Are you prepared, young man," he cried in a loud voice as he re-entered the reception room.

"I'm quite ready, sir," said Mr. MacTaggart, from behind the screen. "I can smell the potent odors of the drugs, even here."

"Don't trifle, boy," cried the American physician; "the water is now open, and proceed to the bath. You will find it very hot and the odor of the Eastern balsams is pungent; but do not let that deter you; enter it as speedily as possible, for the hotter the bath the more rapid the process will be. Remain extended in that bath and perfectly still, and every five minutes by your watch, and not more frequently on any account, let your head disappear beneath the balsamic film with which the surface of the water is covered. Do not speak, and breathe only through your nose. I will warn you when the process is complete."

Mr. MacTaggart entered the bathroom, watch in hand. The odors of the balsams made him sneeze violently, the water was evidently very hot, and was covered by a thick oleaginous film. But young Mr. MacTaggart had paid his five guineas, and he was determined to get his money's worth. After a little time he entered the bath.

Every five minutes his head disappeared beneath the steaming oily surface.

In the meantime Cecil Dacre was not idle. He hung the bell; Pippa and her mother appeared; the one carried a little charcoal brazier and a flat-iron, the other a very small work-bag and a big pair of scissors. They laughed immoderately as they set to work upon the clothes of the young Scotchman. Three inches were cut off from his trousers legs, the sleeves of the coat and of the shirt; Pippa's mother worked with will with her needles to refashion the ex-siccated garments, and as she finished each Pippa herself carried away the newly made seams with the hot flat-iron. Then the physician dismissed his two assistants; he flung open the bathroom door and addressed the bath.

"Come forth, young man," he said. "You entered that bath a miserable and puny specimen of humanity; you will leave it, in all human probability, a well-grown youth of prepossessing appearance."

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"Young man," said he, and his voice was apparently momentarily choked by emotion, "behold the result of the wondrous bath of Balthazar. There is a considerable change, is it not?"

Mr. MacTaggart had evidently grown out of his clothes; his arms and legs protruded in a portentous manner.

"Don't thank me," continued the American physician, hurriedly, "don't thank me, but hasten home to bed to sleep off the powerful effects of my patent medicaments."

Mr. MacTaggart bowed as gracefully as he could and left the premises.

The next day he was met in the street was his acquaintance, Orlando P. Jones. MacTaggart's appearance was sufficiently striking. His ordinary straight red hair was curly and extremely odorous from the oil and turpentine which he had used. His hands were the color of a boiled lobster and his eyes were bloodshot from the same cause.

"Goodness me," said Jones, "I wouldn't have known you. What have you been doing to yourself?"

"I ask you," said MacTaggart; "my happiness is too great for words, and his scarlet face was illuminated by a smile of celestial beatitude."

Before he reached his own house he had met the first of his admirers, a young man, who was very much interested in his case. Each one interviewed him with a similar result.

But the cup of happiness was rudely dashed from his lips when his extremely large and curly sister, Miss Flora MacTaggart, on her arrival, addressed him in these indignant words:

"Oh! Donald, man, it is foul eye or simply faulty taste; you have been making a mockery of yourself by cutting down your clothes."

In vain the brother explained his visit to the doctor.

Then the secret came out, and Mr. MacTaggart and his sister left for Rome within twenty-four hours.—C. J. Wells, in *N. Y. Graphic*.

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"I shall be perfectly satisfied, doctor, with four inches."

"Very good, young man, very good. You know your own business best. Retire behind that screen, direct yourself of your appearance, as the moments will be passing. So powerful are the effects of the drugs that your clothing, were it exposed to the potent vapors, would be utterly destroyed. Strip, young man," said the doctor, emphatically, and he pointed to the screen.

Mr. MacTaggart retired behind the screen, and did as he was bid, and the venerable benefactor of the human race disappeared into the bath room.

The first thing Dacre did was to empty his bottle of turpentine into the bath, and then he turned on the hot water till the bath was nearly full.

"Are you prepared, young man," he cried in a loud voice as he re-entered the reception room.

"I'm quite ready, sir," said Mr. MacTaggart, from behind the screen. "I can smell the potent odors of the drugs, even here."

"Don't trifle, boy," cried the American physician; "the water is now open, and proceed to the bath. You will find it very hot and the odor of the Eastern balsams is pungent; but do not let that deter you; enter it as speedily as possible, for the hotter the bath the more rapid the process will be. Remain extended in that bath and perfectly still, and every five minutes by your watch, and not more frequently on any account, let your head disappear beneath the balsamic film with which the surface of the water is covered. Do not speak, and breathe only through your nose. I will warn you when the process is complete."

Mr. MacTaggart entered the bathroom, watch in hand. The odors of the balsams made him sneeze violently, the water was evidently very hot, and was covered by a thick oleaginous film. But young Mr. MacTaggart had paid his five guineas, and he was determined to get his money's worth. After a little time he entered the bath.

Every five minutes his head disappeared beneath the steaming oily surface.

In the meantime Cecil Dacre was not idle. He hung the bell; Pippa and her mother appeared; the one carried a little charcoal brazier and a flat-iron, the other a very small work-bag and a big pair of scissors. They laughed immoderately as they set to work upon the clothes of the young Scotchman. Three inches were cut off from his trousers legs, the sleeves of the coat and of the shirt; Pippa's mother worked with will with her needles to refashion the ex-siccated garments, and as she finished each Pippa herself carried away the newly made seams with the hot flat-iron. Then the physician dismissed his two assistants; he flung open the bathroom door and addressed the bath.

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# DR. LOUIS PASTEUR.

# Wonderful Discoveries Made by the Great French Chemist.

Dr. Pasteur is getting more and more famous every day, and his experiments with his cure for hydrophobia are turning out successfully.

Since Jenner's great discovery of inoculation with virus for the prevention of small-pox, it has been the object of scientists to discover means for the prevention of other diseases in a similar manner. By means of the microscope minute organisms, or microbes, were discovered to be the cause of many diseases of man and animals, and the question was to determine to what extent diseases could be prevented by inoculation of diluted or weakened poison into the system for preventing the disease usually produced by the poison.

Louis Pasteur has made many wonderful discoveries in this new branch of medicine, but before that he was well known as a successful scientist in chemical and physical matters. He was born in Dole in 1822 and was appointed teacher of chemistry at Besancon, and then at Dijon, and finally was appointed professor of chemistry at Strassburg in 1849.

In 1857 he conducted the Normal school in Paris, and in 1863 was appointed professor of chemistry at Sorbonne. He was compelled to resign the latter position as one side of his body became paralyzed; but he gradually recovered his health sufficiently to be able to take up his chemical researches, and in order to enable him to give his full attention to his studies, the French Government has granted him an annual pension of 12,000 francs since 1874, which has been raised to 20,000 francs recently.

Since 1870 Pasteur has given all his attention to contagious diseases, such as anthrax, chicken chol